

FILE DESCRIPTION

BUREAU FILE

SUBJECT Thomas Black

FILE NO. 65-59181

SECTION NO. 10

SERIALS 301 X EBF

NOTICE

THE BEST COPIES OBTAINABLE ARE INCLUDED IN THE REPRODUCTION OF THE FILE. PAGES INCLUDED THAT ARE BLURRED, LIGHT OR OTHERWISE DIFFICULT TO READ ARE THE RESULT OF THE CONDITION AND OR COLOR OF THE ORIGINALS PROVIDED. THESE ARE THE BEST COPIES AVAILABLE.

VOLUME 10 EBF 307X HEADQUARTERS FILES

REVIEWED BY usp jsp

File No. 65-59181

P-01 Thomas Black

Date: 4-78
(month/year)

**FILE DESCRIPTION
BUREAU FILE**

SUBJECT THOMAS L. BLACK

FILE NO. 65-59181

SECTION NO. 12

SERIALS 383 EBF

NOTICE

THE BEST COPIES OBTAINABLE ARE INCLUDED IN THE REPRODUCTION OF THE FILE. PAGES INCLUDED THAT ARE BLURRED, LIGHT OR OTHERWISE DIFFICULT TO READ ARE THE RESULT OF THE CONDITION AND OR COLOR OF THE ORIGINALS PROVIDED. THESE ARE THE BEST COPIES AVAILABLE.

Inventory Worksheet 1984 (L-15-77)

VOLUME 12 serial

rial HEADQUARTERS FILES
383 EBF

REVIEWED BY lab/feby

File No. 05-59181

Thomas L. Black

Date 7/78
(month/year)

Black Tom is S.

8/16/44
8564

Black Tom is S.

MF

65-59181

Reference provided by an NC探员
with green pencil. Refer to fires +
explosions at the Libby Hill
terminal Black Tom Jersey City
28, 29, July 29 & 30, 1916. This was
alleged to be sabotage by German
agents. was called the "Black Tom
Explosion."

MF

65-59395

MF

65-61847

MF

65-59181-188

Photograph

Do Not Destroy

MF

65-59181-8

Photograph

Do Not Destroy

MF

65-59181-306X

Photograph and Biography

Do Not Destroy

Temporary office

65-58069-681-P18 (Lansd. 12-10-37)

Correlation - Cont'd.

(65-58068-267 C 8im. 7-12-50)

> Lamphere's office

65-58068-399 enc p10 (8im. 10-26-50)

~~115-12869-173~~

DESTROY

~~65-59100-11~~

DESTROY

~~M T 65-59375-62~~

DESTROY

mf 65-59181 mod file date 65-59181-807

~~65-59181-111 0824 DESTROY~~

~~65-59177-166~~

DESTROY

mf 65-59181-183 p. 11

~~65-60111-3~~

DESTROY

Correlation - Cont'd.

✓ ~~65-59393-51~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~65-59777-16~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~65-27444-35~~ DESTROY

Jungferns office
65-58068-1209

✓ ~~65-59181-183 p. 108~~
~~65-59175-50~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~65-59246-51~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~65-59189-9~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~65-59181-053 p. 112~~
~~65-19785-7 2nd p. 29~~ DESTROY

Correlation - Cont'd.

~~✓ 61-70-1071 except p 5 & 6 DESTROY~~

~~DESTROY~~

~~✓ 65-61847-X 36(31)~~

~~DESTROY~~

~~✓ mp 65-59181-183 p.109~~

~~DESTROY~~

~~✓ 100-598543-30 p.11~~

Lampheris office

65-58068-1179

~~✓ 65-59708-49 DESTROY~~

~~✓ 61-6989-3 DESTROY~~

~~✓ 65-60462-6 DESTROY~~

Correlation - Con'd.

~~1-4~~ mf 65-59181-316

DESTROY

~~1-4~~ 65-59181-13

~~JSE~~ mf 65-59181-309 p.1

~~JSE~~ 100-89638-80

DESTROY

mf 65-61847-43 (36,73)

~~JSE~~ 51 65-57134-50

DESTROY

~~JSE~~ mf 65-59181-309 p.1,2

~~JSE~~ 100-89638-112

DESTROY

mf 65-59181-183 p.8 109,110

~~JSE~~ 51 65-897-157 p.5

DESTROY

~~JSE~~ 51 65-57947-27

DESTROY

~~JSE~~ 51 65-570-1080

DESTROY

65-59085-87(17)

~~JSE~~ 51 65-59085-86

DESTROY

Correlation - cont'd.

✓	100-77999-35	DESTROY
✓	100-77999-32	DESTROY
✓	100-77999-45	DESTROY
✓	100-39181-11	DESTROY
✓	100-3499-640	DESTROY
✓	mf 65-59181-183 p 108 100-355999-37 exch J-13	DESTROY
✓	mf 65-59181-183 p 108, 102, 110, 125 100-37540-4	DESTROY
✓	65-59085-100 (10) 100-1536-13	DESTROY

Correlation - cont'd.

I 100-342424-7 summary & photos Do not destroy

✓ 100-342424-7

DESTROY

✓ 100-342424-7

✓ 100-342424-7

DESTROY

✓ 100-342424-7

DESTROY

✓ 100-342424-7

DESTROY

✓ 100-342424-7

DESTROY

✓ 100-342424-7

✓ 100-342424-7 DESTROY

KCT 100-342424-7

DESTROY

Correlation - Cont'd.

✓ S1 mf 65-59181-309 pi

100-342424-39

DESTROY

✓ S1 mf 65-59181-183 pi m

100-342424-14

DESTROY

✓ S1 mf 65-59181-316

100-342424-26

DESTROY

✓ S1 65-59181

mf 783 p. 142, 143

DESTROY

100-342424-61

✓ S1 65-59171-111

DESTROY

✓ S1 65-59135-36

DESTROY

✓ S1 65-59256-96

DESTROY

✓ S1 100-342424-7 summary & photo

Do not destroy

9

Correlation - Cont'd.

J 65-59442-22 ~~envelope~~ DESTROY

✓ 116.5-59181-183 p 187, 138

WJS - mf 116.5-59395-3 DESTROY

J 100-365010-698 DESTROY

J 116.349217-21 DESTROY

J 100-3556137-653 DESTROY

mf 116.59181-183 p 108.

100-3556137-11 DESTROY

65-59181

mf 116.59183 p 110

J 116.349215-23 envelope 58 DESTROY

65-59085-100(10)

J 116.3-18715-40 envelope p 80 DESTROY

10
Correlation - Cont'd.

✓ ~~165-59255-26~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~165-59256-23~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~165-59256-21~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~165-59256-22~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~165-12737-1~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~165-59083-1009-1418~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~165-334735-16~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~165-60115-99~~ DESTROY

Correlation - cont'd.

~~DESTROY~~

mf 65-59181-309 PA

~~SY 101-17248-254 DESTROY~~

~~DESTROY~~

~~V 65-59703-9 DESTROY~~

~~DESTROY~~

~~S 100-17248-254 DESTROY~~

65-59181

Copy placed in mf as serial 273X

~~65-59703-9 DESTROY~~

~~DESTROY~~

~~S 65-59703-9 DESTROY~~

~~DESTROY~~

~~S 101-17248-60 DESTROY~~

mf 65-59181-316

~~S 65-60090-90 DESTROY~~

12

Correlation - Cont'd.

✓ MF / S 65-61847-115	DESTROY
✓ 65-62018-2	DESTROY
✓ 65-59334-91 P 27,31	DESTROY
✓ 100-24927-120	DESTROY
✓ 105-30110-4	DESTROY
✓ 65-38803-1449	DESTROY
✓ 100-171884-70	DESTROY
✓ 65-39199-8	DESTROY

13

Correlation - Cont'd.

✓ ~~65-59191-62~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~65-59430-2~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~65-59430-3~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~65-59495-2~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~101-1988-60(1)~~

✓ ~~101-1988-84~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~105-18937-9(1)~~

✓ ~~105-12121-6~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~65-29111~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~65-59181-183 p. 137, 138~~

✓ ~~65-57575-16~~ DESTROY

Correlation - Cont'd.

✓ I	65-39823-7	DESTROY
✓ I	65-39815-8	DESTROY
✓ I	100-389001-3	DESTROY
✓ I	65-39713-543	DESTROY
✓ I	65-39395-6	DESTROY
✓ I	65-39318-892	0-24-27-77-21-27-28-11-17-11-17 DESTROY
✓ I	65-60405-39 (10)	
✓ I	65-60405-35	DESTROY
✓ I	65-57330-19	DESTROY

✓ ~~my old worked out file above 65-59181-307~~
100-202355-10 ~~DESTROY~~

~~I 105 99980-19 DESTROY~~

~~log - 47083-115 (28)~~

~~<11 100 117083-115 DESTROY~~

~~I 100 348-353 DESTROY~~

~~I 100-311912-6 DESTROY~~

~~mf 65-59181-183 8141~~

~~100-74222-76 DESTROY~~

~~I 100-1830-3-6 DESTROY~~

~~mf 65-59181-183 4.101
100-741080-4 DESTROY~~

16

Correlation - cont'd.

✓	100-233362-4	DESTROY
✓	100-54058-14	DESTROY
✓	100-542221-26	DESTROY
✓	100-54171-22	DESTROY
✓	100-57781-578	DESTROY
✓	100-177884-30-147	DESTROY
✓	100-59189-13	DESTROY
✓	100-59189-14	DESTROY

17
Correlation - cont'd.

~~✓ 65-59081-87~~ DESTROY

~~✓ 100-302-333-95~~ DESTROY

~~✓ 65-59481-19X(1)~~

DESTROY

~~✓ 65-59256-13~~ DESTROY

~~✓ 100-31067-9907~~ DESTROY

~~✓ m6 65-59181-183 pg 176, 138-142~~

DESTROY

~~✓ m6 65-59181-183 p.135~~

DESTROY

~~✓ 65-59486-23~~ DESTROY

Office
8068-317

'd.

✓ 63-1413-171 DESTROY

✓ 190-569-5 DESTROY

✓ MF 65-59181-183 PGS. 112-115

✓ S1 100-35700-1 DESTROY

✓ 1m 354955-35 DESTROY

✓ 6105-12731-1 DESTROY

✓ MF 65-59181-183 PGS. 23, 24, 117, 118

✓ S1 100-35700-1 DESTROY

✓ MF 65-59181-183 P. 108

✓ S1 100-35700-1 DESTROY

Correlation - Cont.

J 116-54727-7 DESTROY

✓ 10/ST 116-59181-183 p. 137, 138

✓ 10/ST 116-59181-183-1 DESTROY

J 110-363937-26 DESTROY

J 116-59370-4 p. 100, 105, 106 DESTROY

J 116-57447-713 DESTROY

J 116-59622-11 DESTROY

J 116-58265-1 DESTROY

Correlation - cont'd.

J. 65-59197 DESTROY

~~CH~~ 100-583486-13 DESTROY

~~DESTROY~~

~~100-409918-1~~ DESTROY

100-363678-23 DESTROY

63-19236-72 pg 8, 10/11/11 - 2021-22 DESTROY

~~2nd 65-3181 = 183 p 017~~

~~51-100-72889-283~~ DESTROY

65-39773-304 and J-81, 82, 83, 89, 90, 91, 92

21

Correlation - Cont'd.

W-59181-183 p. 110, 111
MF 131 65-61449-7 p 17 DESTROY

mb 65-59181-183 p. 138-186

SI 100-12222-21 DESTROY

DESTROY

mb 65-59181-283 p. 112

SI 100-376905-2 DESTROY

mb 65-59181-183 pp. 1, 147, 177

SI 101463-18 DESTROY

DESTROY

SI 65-99540-60 DESTROY

mb 65-59181-183 p. 112, 115

SI 65-37713-267 DESTROY

DESTROY

SI 116-349919-72 DESTROY

22

Correlation - Octd.

✓ 105-57191-183 0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 16 DESTROY

✓ 65-59622-4 (26)

✓ 31 65-59622-1 DESTROY

✓ 65-57449-667 DESTROY

✓ 105-59181-183 P.M. 117 118 119

✓ 31 105-12737-3 DESTROY

✓ 100-36504-16 to index 23, 24, 25, 26, 28 DESTROY

✓ 100-36504-16 DESTROY

✓ 100-36504-16 tot merge 26 DESTROY

✓ 100-344210-55 DESTROY

23

Correlation - Cont'd.

✓	105-61666-4	<u>DESTROY</u>
✓	100-33070-102	<u>DESTROY</u>
✓	100-370679-14(1,62)	
✓	100-370679-1	<u>DESTROY</u>
✓	100-333854-1	<u>DESTROY</u>
✓	105-59980-6	<u>DESTROY</u>
✓	105-57449-255	<u>DESTROY</u>
✓	105-57449-260	<u>DESTROY</u>
✓	105-57449-259	<u>DESTROY</u>

24

Correlation - Cdt'd

✓ J	65-59449-109	DESTROY
✓ J	65-59449-227	DESTROY
✓ J	65-59449-313	DESTROY
✓ SI	mf 65-59181-183 p 41 65-59449-320 p 31	DESTROY
✓ J	65-59449-228	DESTROY
✓ J	mf 65-59181-183 p 136 S 1607 177 G 41-65	DESTROY
✓ J	65-59449-163 p 5, 7, 10, 19, 20, 21, 24, 25, 26, 28, 30	DESTROY
✓ J	mf 65-59181-183 p 112 S 1608 379 G 14 19	DESTROY

23

Arreton - Cont'd.

J J ~~65-57499-255~~ DESTROY

J J ~~65-57419-113~~ DESTROY

R61-7341-11-206 Born 1893, 3-15-50 IWO, Youngstown, Ohio

J J ~~116-21-2402-1~~ DESTROY

J J ~~100-72222-19~~ DESTROY

J J ~~100-363937-26(19)~~
S1 ~~100-366193-241~~ DESTROY

J J ~~65-59622-4(26)~~
~~65-57430-1~~ DESTROY

J J ~~100-360346-16~~ DESTROY

Correlation - Cont'd.

✓ ~~ST 00-72222-9~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~I 65-59234-87~~ DESTROY

Lamphier's office
65-58068-449 each p6

✓ ~~I 65-59395-12~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~I 65-59622-9~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~I 65-59375-42~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~I 65-59460-14~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~I 65-329445-2~~ DESTROY

Correlation - Cont'd.

— 8 —

~~6554236~~ 539

DESTROY

100-363437-29 (27)

~~51100-366723-28~~

— DESTROY

~~100 315 215~~

031801

ME / SIM 65-59181-183 P. 137,138

DESTROY

I - 43-99947-686

DESTROY

mf. 65-59181-183 p. 112

~~ST 105-1293 1-26~~

DESTROY

13-57771-56

— 8 —

28

Arrelocation - Ctd

✓	100-383686-9	DESTROY
✓	100-383686-26	DESTROY
✓	100-383686-13	DESTROY
✓	100-311709-6	DESTROY
✓	100-31190-131	DESTROY
✓	100-383686-12	DESTROY
✓	100-383686-1	DESTROY
✓	100-47005-713	DESTROY

29
Barrelations - cont'd.

<u>✓</u>	<u>65-59234-113</u>	<u>DESTROY</u>
<u>✓</u>	<u>65-59181-183 p. 116</u>	<u>DESTROY</u>
<u>✓</u>	<u>65-59181-183 p. 101</u>	<u>DESTROY</u>
<u>✓</u>	<u>65-59295-10</u>	<u>DESTROY</u>
<u>✓</u>	<u>65-61847-11</u>	<u>DESTROY</u>
<u>✓</u>	<u>65-59343-1</u>	<u>DESTROY</u>
<u>✓</u>	<u>65-57837-120</u>	<u>DESTROY</u>
<u>✓</u>	<u>65-59460-11</u>	<u>DESTROY</u>

Correlation - *Contd.*

~~✓ 602-58805-21~~ DESTROY

~~✓ 602-58805-1499~~ DESTROY

~~✓ 100-5-0-28-73~~ DESTROY

~~✓ 100-59181-183 P. 137, 138~~

~~DESTROY~~

~~MN SJ 11/65.57315.66~~

~~✓ 602-58805-58~~ DESTROY

~~DESTROY~~

~~✓ 100-5-0-21-18~~ DESTROY

~~DESTROY~~

~~✓ 100-5-0-21-18~~ DESTROY

~~DESTROY~~

~~✓ 100-5-0-21-18~~ DESTROY

~~DESTROY~~

31

Carrelation - Con'd.

✓ J	65-59855-2	<u>DESTROY</u>
✓ J	65-59894-4	<u>DESTROY</u>
✓ J	65-59375-11	<u>DESTROY</u>
✓	105-12737-8 (18)	
✓	SI 105-12737-8	<u>DESTROY</u>
✓	65-59150-2	<u>DESTROY</u>
✓ J	65-61897-258	<u>DESTROY</u>
✓ J	65-59441-1	<u>DESTROY</u>
J	SI 65-69181-183 pgs. 147, 148, 177	<u>DESTROY</u>
J	SI 65-69181-183 pgs. 147, 148, 177	<u>DESTROY</u>

Barrelator - cont'd

~~65-59125-1-50-5, 41, 42, 53~~ DESTROY

~~65-59125-10~~ DESTROY

~~65-59181-183 p. 137, 138~~ DESTROY

~~65-59180-5~~ DESTROY

~~65-59181-1~~ DESTROY

~~65-59170-51~~ DESTROY

~~65-59199-6~~ DESTROY

~~65-59191-153 (22,66)~~ DESTROY

Correlation - Cont'd.

65-59181-77 and 183 page, 142-146

~~DESTROY~~✓ ~~65-59181-86~~ ~~DESTROY~~✓ ~~65-51334-105~~ ~~DESTROY~~SI ~~65-59181-284 P3~~
~~65-45981-50~~ ~~DESTROY~~ME J ~~65-57575-8~~ ~~DESTROY~~JI ~~65-57947-915~~ ~~DESTROY~~

65-59981-29(39)

SI ~~65-57981-35~~ ~~DESTROY~~~~DESTROY~~

34
Correlation - Cont'd

✓ 4 100-365040-289 DESTROY

✓ 4 105-394981 DESTROY

✓ 5 100-4708599 DESTROY

✓ 4 100-365040-272 DESTROY

✓ 4 105-39981 DESTROY

✓ 1 105-3997-703 DESTROY

✓ 1 105-3993191 DESTROY

✓ 1 105-31949-119 DESTROY

35
Correlation - Cont'd.

✓ mf 65-59181-134

✓ 51 65-59340-1 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114

DESTROY

✓ mf 65-59181-178

✓ 51 65-59340-1

DESTROY

✓ 51 65-59480-11

DESTROY

✓ K J 51 65-59395-14

DESTROY

✓ 51 65-59480-13

DESTROY

✓ 51 65-59480-13 09 46

DESTROY

copy placed in mf 65-59181 above 179
1st dict by 46

DESTROY

✓ E 65-59480-59 09 39 17

DESTROY

36
Correlations - Cont'd.

J T ~~69-39449-360~~ DESTROY

J F ~~69-59449-119~~ DESTROY

J I ~~69-59449-1614~~ DESTROY

~~69-56948-92 serial p 9, 10~~ DESTROY

~~100-365040-226 (22, 55, 63)~~

~~100-365040-1110 15 25 20 97 76~~ DESTROY

~~100-365040-110~~ DESTROY

~~100-302355-338~~ DESTROY

MF J ~~69-61841-43 p 10, 10~~ DESTROY

Correlation - Cont'd.

MF J 105-61849-X15 DESTROY

MF J 105-59181-183P, 110, 112 DESTROY

MF J 105-61847-X32 DESTROY

MF J 105-61847-X29 DESTROY

MF J 105-61849-X16 DESTROY

MF J 105-61847-X19 DESTROY

MF J 105-39242-1694 DESTROY

MF J 100-302355-35X1 DESTROY

Correlation - Cont'd.

✓ mf 65-59181-183 p. 149

SI 100-302355-15X

DESTROY

✓ 65-59239-51

DESTROY

✓ 65-37987-24

DESTROY

✓ 65-59191-83

DESTROY

MFJ

✓ 65-61843-22X

DESTROY

✓ 65-59184-50

DESTROY

✓ 65-59234-87 (24,73)

SI 65-59256-4

DESTROY

✓ 100-365040-143

DESTROY

Correlation - Con't'd.

✓	105-593455	DESTROY
✓	65-57449-18	DESTROY
✓	not needed & will file above mf	
✓	SI 100-16-38-121	DESTROY
✓	mf 65-59181-183 p. 115 65-57715-2.53	DESTROY
✓	65-59449-376	DESTROY
✓	65-59449-376-21	DESTROY
✓	mf 65-59181-119+134	
✓	SI 65-59340-6	DESTROY
✓	65-57234-10	DESTROY

correlations - Cont.

卷之三

~~105-57499-592 p1 a, 445 7-14, 11-15 a, 445 DESTROY~~

BESTWU

~~60-23777-726~~ DESTROY

DESTROY

65-59480-2 DESTROY

DESTROY

Lamphere's office.

65-58068-263

65-61849-48 ~~DESTROY~~

DESTROY

162-47897-113 DESTROY

~~3-41841-41~~ DEPT 100

— 1 —

~~4-1-66 49 40~~ DESTROY

DESTROY

41

Carrelation - Cont'd.

MF ✓ 65-61847-X6 DESTROY

MF ✓ 65-61847-X7 DESTROY

✓ 65-59480-11 DESTROY

mf 65-59181-183 p.112
STO 65-59949-14 DESTROY

MF ✓ 65-61847-X3 DESTROY

✓ mf 65-59181-183 p.110

STO 65-61847-X2 DESTROY

MF ✓ 65-61847-X1 DESTROY

✓ 65-59181-183 p.110
STO 65-61847-X DESTROY

Correlation - Cont'd.

-42

mf 65-59181-183 pgs. 125, 176

DESTROY

10-5723-270

DESTROY

6. S. S. C. 1971

DESTROY

4-3-2-1-4-3-0-10

DESTROY

INF 65-59181-32 p.7

卷之三

~~105-59234-2~~

-937-

—

-DECEMBER-

1-SETA'S # 3

١٢٣

وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ الْمُؤْمِنَاتُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ الْمُؤْمِنَاتُ

בְּשָׁמָן

~~65-99244-18 p. 1, a, b, 13, 14, 16, 17, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28~~ DESTROY

29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51

8-9 177

REVIEW

43

Correlation - Correl.

43

✓ C-652-59296-3 DESTROY

DESTROY

✓ 105-59236-2 DESTROY

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

~~J 100-165-10-103 p1, 28, 29, 30, 31~~ DESTROY

SI ~~MP~~ ~~Not recorded mail~~ ¹⁰⁻¹² 65-54184-51
~~65-57497-485~~ DESTROY

~~SJ 3-11
65-57447-485~~ DESTROY

~~565-4983-228~~ DESTROY

~~MF 65-59181-3201~~ DESTROY

JSI 65-54181-183049 DESTROY

Page 1 of 1

~~65-52449 0081802, 4, 5, 21, 24, 27~~ DESTROY

Correlation - cont'd.

~~WST mt 65-59181-183 P 137,138~~~~DESTROY~~~~✓ ST mt 65-59181-309 p1~~~~DESTROY~~~~✓ 65-60905-1 DESTROY~~~~✓ Laundry Office - June mail
65-59256-68 encl p7~~~~✓ 65-59191-45 DESTROY~~~~MF I 65-57373-41~~~~DESTROY~~~~✓ 65-59191-177 DESTROY~~~~✓ 65-59191-82 DESTROY~~

Correlation - Cont'd

✓ ~~6100-553370-183 DESTROY~~

✓ ~~6100-553375-19 DESTROY~~

✓ ~~6105-59191-28 DESTROY~~

R 26-144983-8 ⁵¹ Private in Marine Corp, Paris Island, S.C.
#1172276, ex-cab driver

✓ ~~6105-59130-10 DESTROY~~

✓ ~~6102-122899-16 DESTROY~~

J 65-59499-804 ~~DESTROY~~

65-59480-13(15)

✓ ~~65-59480-10 DESTROY~~

Carrelation - Cont'd.

I 65-57449-24 DESTROY

mf 65-59181-183 pgs. 142, 143, 144, 145

~~65-59181-183 pgs. 142, 143, 144, 145~~ DESTROY

mf 65-59181-183 p. 150

~~100~~ SECRET DESTROY

mf 65-59181-183 pgs. 1

~~65-59181-183 pgs. 1~~ DESTROY

MF July 11 1965 - 20

DESTROY

~~105-21928-6~~ DESTROY

Confidential File

100-350385-1563 pgs. 11, 14

DESTROY

~~65-61110-9~~

DESTROY

Correlation - Cont'd.

~~ME J 65-57395-37~~ DESTROY

~~ME J 65-57395-38~~ DESTROY

~~ME 65-57181-183 p. II~~

~~5100-1-16 87~~ DESTROY

~~ME 12766 + 5000, 9~~ DESTROY

Black, Thomas

~~NRV 116-372169~~ ~~date born - 8-19-17~~

Mossblown, Ayrshire, ~~Scotl~~
Scotland

~~NRV 25-156289~~ Born 5-10-04 Buylton, Ala. '43 In Oregon State
Penitentiary

~~NRV 28-66399~~ true name Thomas George Black
born 5-21-24, Maud Oklahoma

Correlation - cont'd.

NR ✓ 52-22747 B sailor on British ship SSS Sambu
in 1943

✓ 87-18726 name used by check pass Baltimore 52

NR ✓ 47-6423 true name William Earle Towne

NR ✓ 26-20131 true name Richard Johnson

NR ✓ 26-32646-49 '35-1205 18th st., Harrison, Pa.
garage owner

NR ✓ 25-377690 Negro, born 3-8-33 at
Pelion, South Carolina

MF ✓ 163-59181

NR ✓ 21-4964 approx 30 yrs old in 1923

Correlation - Cont'd.

NR 131-13998 alias of John Black, Elberton, Georgia & Pinetree 1925

NR X 6-20131 true name Richard Johnson

NR 131-65312 Negro, born 2-17-04
Savannah, Georgia
lived Buffalo, N.Y.; arrested Johnson, Penna. PD

NR 131-182823 true name Chalmers Robert Black
Negro, born 5-16-26 at
Pittsburgh, Penna

1-9-25661-9 '54-15 yrs. old Detroit, Mich.

SI 131-59181-183 p. 115, 140

DESTROY

SI 131-59981-34X

DESTROY

848-43 operated a store

K-100-135-9-74 at 2737 South La Salle St., Chicago

30

Arrestation - Cont'd.

✓ 66-2542-3-9-366

87d

✓ 66-2542-3-9-386

43-45-

2713 South La Salle St., Chicago

Born 4-11-95 Crystal Springs,

Miss., Negro, Wife-Louise
Operate grocery store at
same address above

✓ 66-2542-3-9-410

✓ 66-2542-3-9-428

✓ 66-2542-3-9-1478

M 65-59181-183 p. 101, 102, 103

✓ 55-61-59234-730

SEARCHED

✓ 100-135-9-15 10-3-42 Operate store at 2713 So. La Salle, Ill.,
Chicago

✓ 26-89655-4 '46 Thomas R. Black, Bristol, R.I.

51
~~Correlation - contd.~~

✓ ~~T 100-378154-119~~ DESTROY

~~R~~ 44-2648-44 p 92 '44 Adamsville, Ala.

~~R~~ 67-21531-8803 44 Deputy Sheriff, Coalville, Utah

~~N~~ in crew of S.S. Ocean Deep on
98-5552-10 3-21-42

~~R~~ 26-89655-6 '46 Thomas R. Black, Bristol, R.I.

~~N~~ 68-96921-1 '45 Detroit, Mich.

✓ ~~T 100-378154-119~~ DESTROY

~~S~~ Lamphere's office
45-58068-510

52

Correlation - Cont'd.

✓ ~~61-7559-10595 p 82~~ DESTROY

✓ N 61-7559-10595 p 82 ³⁷ 20-29 4/1st. H. Greene, N.Y.

✓ Sampson's office

65-58068-681 p 103

✓ 65-59234-82 (3-2)

✓ S+141 116 34-7 DESTROY

✓ 65-59181-

mg 183 p 115

✓ S+65 58068-681 p 103

DESTROY

✓ 65-58068-681 p 103

DESTROY

✓ S+65-56236-193

DESTROY

✓ 62-77787-4315 encl p 116 '51 Employee on
United Nations staff

~~Correlations - cont'd.~~

~~NR 62-22287-4189 enc P 211 Fireguard on December
Action at VN building~~

~~NF ✓ S 65-68844-21 DESTROY~~

~~mf 65-59181-183 p. 148
S 105-14629-14 DESTROY~~

~~I 100 47083 69 y-10 DESTROY~~

~~D 65-57356-22 DESTROY~~

~~S 65-59181-25 DESTROY~~

~~S 65-59181-25 DESTROY~~

~~S 65-59181-25 DESTROY~~

54
Correlation - Cont'd.

✓	16-59251-3	DESTROY
✓	65-51284-82 (52)	DESTROY
✓	16-59251-8	DESTROY
✓	16-51256-19	DESTROY
✓	87-18726-36 p 12, 15	<p>name used by Chuck Posner in Baltimore '52</p> <p>✓ 12-100-356-43 - 4 p 3-B '45: Vice Pres. of Detroit Industrial Union Council Political Action Committee Duluth, Minn.</p>
✓	16-59251-5	DESTROY
✓	16-59251-90-490	DESTROY
✓	16-59251-90-102	DESTROY

~~Correlation - Con~~

- ✓ ~~65-62256-5~~ DESTROY
- ✓ ~~Tamperies Office - Just mail
65-59256-68 enclo p 7~~
- ✓ ~~65-51540-5~~ DESTROY
- ✓ ~~SAC-65040 - 2 b m p o s e l , 8 , 6 2~~ DESTROY
- ✓ ~~SLCO-565040-493 p 13, 19, 21, 38, 39, 40, 41~~ DESTROY
- ✓ ~~65-59110-6~~ DESTROY
- ✓ ~~MF 65-39181-119 p 134~~
- ✓ ~~65-59110-6 p 12~~ DESTROY
- ✓ ~~65-59110-36-23~~ DESTROY

~~Correlation~~ - cont'd.

✓ 162-57256-1-4-7, 8, 10, 14, 16, 17, 22, 24, 26, 28 DESTROY

✓ no record mail filed done

✓ 100-10-38-131 1-4-6-9-10-12 DESTROY

MF J

✓ 162-57255-75 DESTROY

✓ 100-33049-43-18 1-20-43 Vice Pres., Dilect Industrial Union
Council, Political Action Committee,
Dilect, Minn.

✓ 21-4-441769 Born 10-8-15

✓ 98-2366-389 '42 - Negro in Johnston, Pa.

✓ 31-44833-92 '44 - 398, 7th St, Reading, Pa.

✓ R 35-2167-1 49-2730 Maserat - , Phila., 41 yrs old
Civilian storekeeper, US Marine Quartermaster Corp

57
Correlation - Cont'd.

~~A~~ 97-182-800 true name of Harry Rice address, I.D. PD. 676
13 duck rooster

~~A~~ 7-X820-8460 6-8-37 - No. 1379 Wash. State Pomeroy

~~C~~ R 31-49511-1 '37 Buffalo, N.Y. FBI # 1162647

~~R~~ 2-14749-691 '38 Boston, Mass., Negro

J 65-59234 18 pl, 1, 13, 14, 15, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 2
28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43
44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60

DESTROY

J 101-1788-31 DESTROY

J E 65-37447-503 DESTROY

J 65-37234-43 DESTROY

98
Correlation - Oct 1st.

✓ ~~5100-3650 to 62~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~5100-3650 to 62~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~5100-3490 60-77~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~5100-3533 90-112~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~5100-3650 40-266~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~5100-3650 40-111~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~5100-3650 40-107~~ DESTROY

65-60405-39(10)

✓ ~~5100-111884-94~~ DESTROY

Correlation - Cont'd.

✓ 100-177884-70 DESTROY

Toss

NR

70-13320: Indian, Mojave Indian Reservation,
Parker, Arizona in 1987

R

25-156289 Bm 5-10-04 Brighton, Ala., '43 In Oregon State Penitentiary

NR

25-47879 alias of Thomas Rogers LeNoir

R

14-1791 Bm 3-18-03 McWorter, Ky., 25# 406-12-9281
'43 farmer, wife - Sally

NR

100-281832 alias of John Black, true name John Jacob Black
Born 1-17-21 Berlin, Germany

MF

65-59181

NR 31-10264 60 yrs in 1924

60
Arrestation - Cont'd.

NR 31-30960 55 years in 1930; Iowa

NR 47-6423 true name William Earle Towner

NR 25-379437 Negro, born 7-19-30 at Pine Bluff, Arkansas

NI 100-385144-2 '33 Woodward, Ala.

J J 65-57449-790 except DESTROY

J 100-177884-64 DESTROY

J 465-57256-51 DESTROY

NR 1R "Black Tom" a white man who had
88-99-55, 56 footlogging place in Lima, Ohio in 1936

67

Correlation - cont'd.

R 31-49511-X '37-7 Holland St., Rochester, N.Y.

NR 56-639.424 '47-1219 Campbell St., Kansas City, Mo.

NR 7-1820-22011 1937-2110 W. Bond St., Spokane, Wash.

R 83-855-3

J J - 63-59449-778X P. 2, 3, 4, 5, 21, 24, 27 DESTROY

J I - 63-59449-779 DESTROY

J C 63-59234-35 DESTROY

J 63-59234-30 DESTROY

Correlations - cont'd.

~~✓ 100-365040-103 f, 25, 29, 30, 31~~

DESTROY

NR. 105-7180-32-X43

~~✓ 105.59480-1~~

DESTROY

NR. 100-36588-11 46 - in C10 in Minnesota

~~✓ 105.59256-41~~

DESTROY

~~✓ 100-365040-473 f-15, 17, 21, 38, 39, 40, 41~~

DESTROY

~~✓ 105.59449-592 0-1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 23, 24~~

DESTROY

~~✓ 100-370693-44-79~~

DESTROY

Correlations - Cont'd.

J 55 - 65-5999-463 DESTROY

J 100-65-46-82 DESTROY

E 100-563040-226 enc p 25 26, 35 57, 58 DESTROY

J I - 65-59-175-7 DESTROY

J Sampson's Office - June mail
65-59256-68 enc cl p 19

J 65-5999-463 DESTROY

J J - 65-59997-A ca. 12-7-30 DESTROY

J 65-59994-63 DESTROY

64
Barrelation - Cont'd.

✓ ~~S. 65-59234-64~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~S. 65-592110-153837-2~~ DESTROY

NC 65-34726-2

NC 65-34726-12

NC 65-0-4500

✓ ~~S. 65-37518-20 series 8-3, 16, 27, 24, 36, 37, 38, 144, 145, 152~~

NC 77-26830-Q '42 - Representative of Senator Hill of Alabama

NC 65-34726-16

65

Correlation - Cont'd.

NR 65-34726-16

NR 100-9805-13

NR 98-2366-104

NR 62-1199-262 "Black Tom" explosion

NR 65-1138-81

NR 65-9888-6 Alias of Tom Weller per ONI records of 10-21-18

NR 65-11884-86 DESTROY

NR 65-34726-27

Correlation - Cont'd.

JT	65-27947-545	DESTROY
✓	65-57480-7	DESTROY
JT	65-27447-571 p 7, 12, 21, 22	DESTROY
NR	54-580-119	
✓	100-368 000-206(00, 55, 63)	
✓	5100 368 000-179 p 15, 23, 26, 47, 48	DESTROY
NR	65-94726-15	
NR	98-8706-22	
✓	65-39191-153 p 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 16, 11, 12, 13, 16	DESTROY

67
Correlation - Cont'd.

RC 62-6041-4

67c

RC 91-1419-641 Alias of George Blau in North Dakota Penitentiary

RC 100-16489-1 - 44 Unemployed veteran in Giroux, Kansas

RC 65-36281-1

RC 65-26301-132

RC 65-9180-32-X50

RC 65-1522-9

67

RC 91-1419-648 Alias of George Blau in North Dakota Penitentiary

28
Correlation - Cont'd.

RC 98-0-432

✓ ~~ct 65-85025-14~~ DESTROY

✓ ~~ct 65-37256-12 p6, 7, 8, 10, 14, 16, 17, 20, 21, 22~~ DESTROY

RC 65-5946-7018

RC 62-249-3

ct 65-8534-1

RC 62-4759-1

RC 62-7524-1

RC 66-2120-530

69
Carleton - Conn.NR NR
62-21551-16, 19

NR 47-9130-3

NR 65-8409-6

NR 61-7606-62

NR 65-8554-3

NR 65-12170-1

NR 66-2362-1038

NR 39-534 Sweet Grass, Montana 1931

70
Correlation - Cont'd

RC 62-1199

Re: fires and explosions at the
Lehigh Valley Railroad Terminal,
Black Tom, Jersey City, New Jersey
on July 29-30, 1916

RC 61-817-94

RC 61-818-541

RC 61-1175-1

RC 61-3622-1

RC 100-86590-39-8 '50 SWP members in Pittsburgh, Pa.

100-370674-44 (11,62)

148 17-2697

DESTROY

I 100-342424-7 Summary & photo

Do not destroy

RC

121-2264-44

113-311-070

10/18/54

Black Horse Lissing

3914

MF 65-59181

I 100-342424-7 photograph + summary do not destroy

Lampherts office

65-58068-397 ending # 10 Summary

✓ 66-6000-57-260 ending # 77 DESTROY

✓ MF 65-59181-103 pp. 137-138 - 65-59395-74(72)

✓ I 100-392 99 a-27 DESTROY

✓ 66-59191-82 DESTROY

✓ - 6100-342428-900 DESTROY

Black, Horner, Lessing

✓ 169-5986743 DESTROY

✓ 166-04-1266 DESTROY

✓ 100-88434-220 DESTROY

✓ 165-59595-11 DESTROY

✓ 63-38236-111 DESTROY

✓ 100-299909-141 DESTROY

✓ 100-362040-267 DESTROY

Block, Pass Lesson

MF 65-29181

~~ME-45-65-61891-939 #12~~ DESTROY

~~SECRET~~ "J" #16 DESTROY

T 62-57993-304 sub g. #1 000100

11-~~10~~ 82 DESTROY

~~SECRET~~ G-83 DESTROY

~~081~~

B. 85 SECRETARY

8. 26

G # 87 DESTROY

Black, Mass Licensing

I 100-342424-7 dummy photos

Do not destroy

DESTROY

DESTROY

17

DESTROY

18

DESTROY

19

DESTROY

20

DESTROY

21

DESTROY

22

DESTROY

23

DESTROY

24

DESTROY

25

DESTROY

Black Dress Lessing

165-57913-765 #74
J. 30

✓ 165-59234-50 DESTROY

✓ 165-593108 DESTROY

✓ 165-592563 DESTROY

✓ 165-59234-83 DESTROY

✓ 165-59234-87 DESTROY

J 1-65-59234-575 DESTROY

Black, Miss Lessing

✓ T 65-89826-2

DESTROY

✓ T 65-59018-20 sub.g + DESTROY

" " "

0-16

" " "

0-7

" " "

0-7

" " "

0-7

" " "

0-7

" " "

0-7

" " "

0-40

" " "

0-154

0-156

76

Black, Tasso Leasing

~~JY 65-27949-644~~ DESTROY

~~JY 65-59234-87 (16,18)~~

~~JY 65-59236-4~~ DESTROY

Black, Tasso L.

MF 65-59181

Black, Tasso

MF 65-59181

~~JY 65-59234-9~~ DESTROY

Black, Lesser

I 100-342424-7 summary + photo

Don't destroy

Black, Lesser

ME 65-59181

I 65-592428 DESTROY

FILE DESCRIPTION

BUREAU FILE

SUBJECT Thomas L. Black

FILE NO. 65-59181

SECTION NO. 13

SERIALS 421

EOF

NOTICE

THE BEST COPIES OBTAINABLE ARE INCLUDED IN THE REPRODUCTION OF THE FILE. PAGES INCLUDED THAT ARE BLURRED, LIGHT OR OTHERWISE DIFFICULT TO READ ARE THE RESULT OF THE CONDITION AND OR COLOR OF THE ORIGINALS PROVIDED. THESE ARE THE BEST COPIES AVAILABLE.

File No. 65-5918

Thomas L. Black

Date: _____ (month/year)

65-59181-421

(6) ENCLOSURES: TO THE BUREAU:

RE: THOMAS L. BLACK, WAS.
ESPIONAGE - R
OO: NK

NK file (65-4074)
Bufile: (65-59181)

One photostat of six articles written by subject and EUGENE LYONS, which appeared "New York Mirror" from 6/10/56 thru 6/15/56.

'I WAS A RED SPY!'

'36 Purge Trial Shakes His Faith, But Trainee Finds It's Too Late

How a Soviet spymaster trains his American dupes with threats and promises, tips on the tricks of the trade—is detailed here in the fourth of a series of articles by **Thomas J. Black**, who served the Reds for a dozen years. Was it their plan to make him a spy in the murder of Trotsky? He tells how he fell into this sinister assignment.

BY THOMAS J. BLACK WITH EUGENE LYON

For about two years—until May, 1936, when the first of the blood-purge trials in Moscow gave my life a new twist—I was the object of a sort of slow-motion training course in tactics of the espionage trade as perfected by the Soviets.

Never before, I am sure, had I been in such a fantastic "trade school." One professor, one pupil, the sidewalks of New York, the "classroom" and "lessons" conducted while walking. Pedestrians dressed as ordinary men, strolling idly, engaged in earnest conversation. But the conversation was of microfilming, stolen secret, the science of meeting "in public," "in public." To sum up, the course would call for a "nature book." Here I can only give a few random samples. Once, I remarked, about the dangers of being caught. "I'm a counterrevolutionary," even of being caught!" Paul happened. "Our methods have been tested all over the world. They're foolproof." Then he added coldly: "Only those who follow instructions are caught. Remember that."

THE RENDEZVOUS (SECRET) meeting was not, of course, basic to espionage. The precise day, time and place are set in advance. This week, he would be at 6:47 a.m. in front of the Public Library, which did not mean next Thursday—but the following Saturday, following a phone call from his superior agent. A phone call might not come in for a month or a year. When it did, the agreed time and place still held. The caller, naturally, asks trivial things like your name. He might even ask you to get together on Saturday. That still meant next Thursday.



Normally, when two agents met a third unknown would be waiting accidentally around. By means of some simple action such as dropping a newspaper into a trash can, he was warned off.

Illustration by Don Stetson

and the agents ordered to get them are strangers to one another, the procedures are more complicated. They must go about their roles like ordinary people do ordinary things. A lie of a certain color, a current magazine headline or right-arm might be used for identification.

Learning FBI Methods

THE SECOND STEP might be a innocent question like "What is it please?" and an equally innocent answer like "Sorry, you have to watch." The technician mounted to a series of subtle, inconspicuous acts in a resulting sequence to rule out "coincidence," chance巧合.

Occasionally when two agents met a third unknown to both would "accidentally" be found. By means of some subtle action such as dropping a newspaper into a trash can or honking his horn a certain number were in a car he turned by danger.

A reluctant to detect surveillance, Paul, unknown to both, would say that Paul had an unusual knowledge of FBI methods was evident in the counterintelligence he explained to me. The "Volcan" FBI observer, I recall his first visit as a well-dressed young man reading a newspaper in a park.

MY LONG STANDING interest in photography gave us common ground for interesting sessions at Paul's studio and even more important, the swift spooling of old films at the first sign of danger. I practiced the duplications over with the help of soft focus so that I could get a perfect impression in my pocket or in

the palm of my hand in 10 seconds.

I feel certain to this day that I was being prepared for a vital espionage post. Paul, a subordinate of the great Ovakinian, would hardly have invested some 50 meetings without a good reason.

The other half of my training, to which Paul brought no less zeal, was political. Patiently he expounded the party line of the moment, analyzing events in Moscow and elsewhere. The picture he drew was of ruthless Fascists, Nazis and capitalists plotting to destroy the Soviet land. The moral was that we must be no less ruthless in our work for the cause.

First Nudging Doubts

THE TRUTH IS the temperature of my communism was falling so slowly that I was scarcely conscious of it. In defiance of orders I had read a few anti-Soviet books, and I could not avoid some awareness of slave labor and other horrors in the workers' paradise.

I suspect now that Paul detected tremors of doubt in me even before I was myself aware of them. Certainly as time went on, the overtones of threats in his attitude became louder and less subtle. They were never expressed — yet always there, in hints and looks. It might be a casual reference to the fate of deserters, deserved or a chuckling allusion to what happened to someone who told out to the enemy.

Once I followed myself, in joking remark, that "the business hasn't much of a future." In the same kidding vein Paul cracked: "If you don't follow

instructions you won't have any future to worry about." The hint stuck to my mind like a burr.

My faith in Stalinism — what was happening in Russia as distinct from communism? In theory was ebbing. With every month it was harder to baton down the inner turmoil of doubts and objections. This soul-searching came to a head with the shocking news of the first big purge trial in May, 1936. I simply couldn't swallow the story that so many of my Soviet heroes had been scoundrels, assassins, agents of Fascist countries.

FOR THE FIRST TIME I then stood up to Paul. The bizarre charges against the Founding Fathers, I said, were undermining the revolution. We had a long and heated session, at the cost of a lot of shoe leather. For once I did not pretend to be convinced. If such things continue, I said, they might make me a Trotskyist!

Paul blew his top. I had committed the great sin of invoking the name of the old Stalin. We parted on such bad terms that I thought this was the end of the line.

When the telephone call for a rendezvous did not come through for a month, then a second and a third, I was filled with a glow of joy. A great weight seemed to lift from my spirits.

THEN THE CALL CAME, and once more I was pounding the pavements at Paul's side. Considering our last parting, he was strangely friendly. He got down to business quickly. That remark about becoming a Trotskyist he

[Continued on Page 22]

said, packed a good idea. In fact, that was my immediate assignment: to join the Trotskyist movement.

"You mean to report on the American Trotskyists?"

"No, no, we don't care about those dogs," Paul replied.

"Don't ask questions — you'll get your instructions when we're ready. Meanwhile, your job is to ingratiate yourself with the Trotskyist leaders here, so that they value and trust you."

The tone of his voice left no room for argument. In short order, therefore, I enrolled in the Trotskyist wing of the Socialist Party, and then, when this wing seceded to form the Socialist Workers Party headed by James Cannon, I was among the seceders.

Why had I been ordered to infiltrate the Trotskyist movement? At this point I had not the slightest inkling.

A secret Communist worker in the Trotskyist camp, Black tells how he dodged a sinister, perhaps murderous, assignment. In the fifth article of *Wiseacres*. Read it in *Time* today.

AMERICAN HERITAGE

"I WAS A RED SPY!"

Novice Meets His Trainer, Walks Into Sinister Web of Espionage

In the terrible mask of a minor purchasing agent was the ruthless, crafty man who had lured the courageous American into betraying his country for the Reds in his service.

CLIPPING FROM THE

By THOMAS L. BLACK with EUGENE LYONS

Galko Ovakimian, generalissimo of Stalin's spies in America, phoned me several weeks after our initial acquaintance and we dined at a good restaurant in the Times Square



Our meetings were now carefully prearranged, timed to the minute and surrounded with elaborate precautions.

We made small talk in a cordial, chatty spirit. I do not know if he wanted me to sizing me up, that the business could not be discussed.

At a second dinner meeting he took me as it were into confidence. He hesitated to recommend me to Moscow, but until he was sure I could contribute to Soviet technology, so why didn't I, by way of a test, make reports on some of American industrial chemistry?

The suggestion seemed entirely reasonable. At the next meeting would take a friendly, wail and handed him several reports. I was proud of them, having dug up a lot of published information and added data available in my plant on planning procedures which might not be known in Russia. He wanted more and I came through.

"NOT ESPECIALLY valuable," he told me, sadly later. "We are already receiving this type of information from other sources."

"Still," he thought, "the reports were competently drawn. Unfortunately, he was too busy to pursue the matter and must turn the negotiations over to a colleague whom I could trust implicitly." Just then, sure enough, the colleague appeared and Ovakimian left us abruptly. I never saw him again.

Drift into Espionage

The newcomer, my second and most durable contact, introduced himself as Paul Peterson. Later, the surname was easily dropped. He was simply Paul—one of the short code names favored by Soviet espionage.

Harry Gold, in due time tested, he had known this agent as Paul Smith, and that, similarly, the Smith part was quickly forgotten.

cotten. Though Paul indicated he was in the U. S. on a Danish passport, I judged from his accent and manner that he was a Bavarian German.

PAUL AND I thereafter met frequently. For a while, I still broached my wish to go to Soviet Russia, but in time this was pushed aside. The real question he convinced me was how and where I could be "of most value" to that country. There was work of the highest importance to be done right here—the kind of work Ovakimian and he were doing.

Beyond that, he didn't speak. Subtly, with a skill that amazes me when I think back to that time, he put our relations on a conspiratorial basis, in which prying questions were ruled out. Our meetings were now carefully prearranged, timed to the minute and surrounded with elaborate precautions.

I began to understand that what was involved was espionage of some sort. Before long this was a definite conviction, though it was never mentioned in so many words. Why did I go along? Part of the answer was inertia. I had allowed myself to drift into the relationship. For the rest, I could at that time seek no more writing on espionage. To a Communist, anything that supported

this cause seems not merely permissible but a matter of duty and honor.

PLA TERY WAS PAUL'S strong suit. He assured me that I had the intelligence and personality to take over his own responsibilities. After all, a native American rather than a foreigner should be doing his job. Why come to think of it, couldn't I succeed him when he returned home? All I needed was training—yes, a lot of arduous training—and he intended to give it to me.

As a starter, I must stop reading Communist publications, stop seeing Communists and refrain from political discussion. Any Red literature I had at home must be immediately destroyed—not by burning, which might attract notice, but by tearing into pieces and flushing down the toilet. A breach of these orders would be regarded as gross disloyalty. At one time, probably near the end of 1934, Paul asked whether I knew any other friend of the Soviet Union who would like to go there. "Yes," I said, "another chemist, a fellow by the name of Harry Gold." We arranged that I bring him to the next rendezvous if possible.

Two-Year Training

GOLD WHEN I PROPOSED the idea, readily consented. Paul met us at an agreed spot near Pennsylvania Station and motioned me to leave them alone, which I did. What transpired at that meeting I could not know. Though we were both ordered never to see one another again, Gold and I continued to meet at long intervals. But the weight of our involvement was like a muzzle on both of us, so that we avoided mention of Paul and his schemes.

I met Paul continually, sometimes weekly, other times with long breaks. In the years that followed,

The assumption that I was asked to succeed him in his "important" but still undefined post became the foundation stone of our relationship. Our every meeting became a lesson in the course of "training" that went on for about two years.

A fantastic "trade school" in the tricks of the espionage trade, operated by the Red apparatus in America, is described in the fourth article of this series. In Wednesday's

MIRROR.

'I WAS A RED SPY!'

'Comrade Jones' in an Attempt To Get to Russia, Meets Boss Spy

Misguided to begin with, then carefully nurtured by Red masters, an ordinary American emerges as "Comrade Jones," ready to help the Communists in all their aims. He is trained to ask no questions. His first fatal step over the line from party hack to the secret service of the Soviet Spymaster is detailed here by Thomas L. Black, who served the Reds for a dozen years before the bitter awakening. This is the second of a series of articles on his experience.

BY THOMAS L. BLACK WITH EUGENE LYONS

(Copyright 1934 N.Y. Mirror)
My first meeting of a party "neighborhood unit" was rather an anticlimax. It didn't match my romantic notions of the revolution in action. The 15 or 20 men and women in the happy room were working people, with whom I did not feel entirely at ease, and the evening's business concerned petty matters like finances and subscriptions to the Daily Worker. But I emerged from the session as "Comrade Jones," the first of several aliases inscribed in my dues-book. I selected the name myself—almost the only act of free choice allowed by party discipline.

Comrade Brant, a former member of the Communist Party, evidently was well pleased about me. He was sympathetic with regard to my political backwardness, and gave a lot of time to curing it. Part of his method was to test my devotion by loading me down with putrid hand-solids, disagreeable J.C.R.-like distributing "party literature" and ringing doorbells. ONCE, FOR INSTANCE, he assigned another comrade and me to visit all of Italian residents in the area under the pretext of soliciting signatures on a Communist nominating petition. Our task was to engage the Italians in political argument and show them the error of their ways. I made no converts and got plenty of abuse. Including a beating we did not mean to give.



At a "revolution" meeting of the Friends of the People's Union I now discovered he had joined the strings, and now I was one of the dedicated company. Perhaps a dedicated comrade managed to steer the activities of some 250 members without their quite knowing it. The pattern held true in my other Red fronts to which I was subjected.

Suddenly I was neck-deep in activities of meetings, assignments, indoctrination, sessions, with bread & money raising parties, etc., in the very memory of my pale life of a free evening. Weekends began to fade out, then all at once at least a kind of intoxication in this kind of activity. In this I found satisfaction. In the company of other dedicated

Gold's Teaching Post

WITHIN A YEAR I was appointed to consider proletarian and thought to leave Brandt's unit. One of the party leaders, a member of the national Central Committee, himself induced me to transfer to a unit in Jersey City, a unit of intellectuals. He told me, "You can help him just as Comrade Gold helped you."

I received from me a promotion as the longer a newsboy or signature collector. My unit mates included an unemployed pharmacist, several dentists, a composer, pianist, several of them seemed to know what was all about, but I, the enthusiastic, keyed up to the world.

MEANWHILE, at the Holbrook plant my fellow workers did not think I was a Communist. I had to learn the knack of talking革命 without ever using the word. In the Spring of 1933, during the depths of the depression, I was offered a better paying job in Paterson, N.J. Someone suggested I recommend a young comrade unemployed and independent to take my place. I did so. Harry Gold

came into my life and Vice versa. He came to see me. I introduced him to the plant manager and he was hired. Gold was pathetically grateful. Actually he held the job only briefly, returning soon to his previous job with a Philadelphia sugar company. We met from time to time. At this point he called himself merely a Socialist, though he was sympathetic to the "great experiment" in Soviet Russia.

MY NEW WORK involved moving to Newark and a transfer to a Newark unit of the party. By



THOMAS H. BLACK



We made no converts and collected plenty of abuse, including threats of a beating if we did not drop the name of Comrade Gold.

Illustrated by Don Stumpf

this time, however, I was becoming more and more bored with the party treadmill. It all seemed so tame and futile compared with what was happening over there, in the "workers' fatherland." As a chemist it occurred to me I should be in Russia doing my bit for the Five Year Plan. The idea of going to the Soviet Union began to obsess my mind. I talked about it to Harry Gold, among others. Finally I went to see Comrade Rebecca Grech, sure that she would help me.

Longs to Visit Soviet

To my surprise, she treated my proposal as if it were a desertion. Our Soviet comrades, she argued, don't need American Communists; they have plenty of their own. If my yen for foreign adventure was that strong I could

be assigned to fighting fronts in Europe or Asia. But my duty was here at home. I left her depressed but not convinced.

VAGUELY I FELT my chances of getting to Russia would be better if I cut loose from the party. So I simply stopped attending meetings. No one strangely, came to inquire about my disappearance. Possibly the party was used to sudden exits.

My party membership had taken more than two years out of my life. I had to become accustomed again to being master of my own time. I did not cease to be a Communist—one does not cast off a deep political faith overnight.

But the focus of my allegiance

Continued on Page 12

was now Soviet Russia, where the Red press put it, a bright new world was in construction.

IN NOVEMBER of 1933, six months after dropping out of the party, I applied for a Soviet job through regular channels. At the Amiorg Trading Corp. on Fifth Ave., I told the receptionist my problem. Soon a tall, dark complexioned man came out. He was still immaculately dressed, soft-spoken and affable. I asked whether they could use a "first-class chemist" and a good Communist in the Soviet Union. He smiled understandingly. "We must discuss it at leisure," he said. "How about dinner some time?" He would phone me.

"My name," he said, "is Galk Ovakimyan, and I'm purchasing representative of a Soviet chemical trust."

Meets Spymaster

NOT UNTIL YEARS LATER did I realize that I had met one of the top Soviet spymasters, the Chief Resident Agent of Soviet Intelligence in America. Among the teeming agents under his command were Julius Rosenberg and the notorious Jacob Golos, under whose direction Elizabeth Bentley worked. He also took part, according to ample evidence, in the preparations for Trotsky's murder.

From 1932 to 1941, Ovakimyan was boss spy over a vast galaxy of apparatus. In May, 1941, he was arrested. But he was never brought to trial.

The State Department allowed him to depart in exchange for a promise by Moscow to release six American citizens being held in the USSR. A good deal—only Moscow didn't keep its promise!

But of all this, of course, I knew nothing. To me he was an attractive Amiorg official, not unfriendly to my plan. I left him feeling happy. That was how casually I met my first espionage contact and embraced my tragic destiny.

The spy contact, who is fully made a conspirator, Black, is described in the third article of this series in *Tuesdays' MIRROR*.

"I WAS A RED SPY!"

First Step Taken on Road Leading To Lifetime of Agonized Remorse

By THOMAS J. BLACK, with EUGENE LYONS

Author of "The Spy Who Came in from the Cold," now a major motion picture. From the *New York Mirror*.
I had been a spy for a dozen years—not till the blessed day in 1950 when
I could clean breast of it to the FBI—I was tangled in the
web of Soviet spying in the United States.

I took orders weekly from a succession of mysterious
agents, whom I knew only under code names like
"B-2-A-2." Though they were familiar with the most inti-
mate details of my life, I was never allowed to know anything
about them. What is more, I could only guess at the real
nature of the assignments and the intensive training they

involved. I served them willingly, even with a sense of
part of something big, omnipotent and noble.
But the double about the Soviet paradise gradually
dawned on me. I was disillusioned and hatred of communism
grew in me. I was driven fast by sheer animal fear.

What I did in those years did the sinister word espionage
no justice. We talked instead about "working for the cause
of the Soviet Union." Such phrases had a hypnotic effect
on communists. After I ceased to believe, however,
ever rested on my tongue. I suffered the humiliations

scribbled from

Miss

DATED 6/10/57

I am a hapless puppet and the pinnacles of remorse which will be my lot for the rest of my life. My only consolation today is through circumstances which I shall recount. I gave it any tangible help to pymasters who manipulated me. Thus I did little if any tangible harm to my own country.

The only important contribution I made to Soviet espionage, I suppose, was that I pulled Harry Gold into the net — the atomic spy case involving Julius and Ethel Rosenberg. But that after all was a very minor role in a vast machine!

Mildly directed idealism

ALL THE SAME I consider it my duty to tell the whole story, as accurately as I can, after the passage of so much time, to my fellow Americans. My hope is that it may help them comprehend the scope and menace of the Red conspiracy in our midst. How does a native American like myself, with a middle-class background and a good education, become involved in Red operations?

The answer is not easy. It involves so many elements that cannot readily be made convincing to people who have not been through it. The main ingredient, I think in my own case, was mildewed idealism. But it was mixed up. I must admit, in retrospect, with an itch to boldly go by playing a bigger role in the world.

WHATEVER FAIRY MOTIVES there was not one of them. On the contrary, round out my modest salary was a chemist's contribution "to the cause." Personally I knew of only one. In France where an American working in Soviet espionage, just then, had first him. As one of them explained to me, a mercenary will work too easily for sell-out to the enemy for a higher price.

Normal Childhood

I sprang primarily by their heart, England, confused; America, dulled. Into the quagmire of Red treason.

But let me reconstruct my upbringing direct from the beginning.

JOHN SIEBORN in Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania, July 5, 1907, of British stock with a dash of Pennsylvania Dutch, through 26 grandfathers. My father was a teacher, a scholarly man, proud of his American background. Both parents raised me with the old fashioned strictness of housekeepers



"This time the woman actually smiled. 'Well, comrade, we've decided to take you in,' she announced."

(Illustration by Bob Ashwood)

until he remarried ten years later.

My childhood and young manhood were normal. Almost typical. I attended the local high school, then specialized in chemistry at college. I suffered from most small town boyitis. It was in my love of serious reading & in economics, sociology, philosophy, etc., at an early age I was familiar with the writings of Marx, Engels and Lenin, as well as crusaders like Henry George.

I began to earn my own living in 1929, when I was 22. My first job was a plant near Linden, N.J. About a year later I moved to a better job with the Holbrook Manufacturing Co. in Jersey City. The firm made industrial soaps. Though my wages were modest I was pleased to be on my own in a small but pleasant apartment.

THE DEPRESSION did not affect me directly. Yet the awareness of distress and despair could not be avoided. I began reading the Communist press, especially the more serious theoretical

journals. I joined the Friends of the Soviet Union in New York and then literary outfits like the John Reed Club and Pen and Hammer. Incredibly as it now seems, I was too naive to recognize them as Communist fronts. Who recruited me into the Communist Party? That question comes up repeatedly. The truthful answer is that I recruited myself.

A series of articles in a party line magazine clinched the decision that had been shaping up in my mind. The articles flashed out at intellectuals who stood aside from the great struggle for a better world and urged them to join the Communist vanguard of humanity. I took the bait.

One weekend in early 1931 I took me to the national headquarters of the party on E. 13th St., N.Y. The woman who talked to me hardly concealed her astonishment when I said I wished to join up. Her eyes narrowed in suspicion. She took down my name, address and place of em-

Continued on Page 20

movement and indicated that perhaps I would hear from them.

Long Investigation

DID SEVERAL months later in the meantime, as I later realized, I was being carefully investigated. On a Saturday afternoon a girl of about my own age came up to my apartment and introduced herself as a Communist. As a sample of Red Femininity, she was far from enticing. Austerly, was then the clothes were taboo. My mother didn't approve of me either. After a long discussion she informed me that I lacked understanding of the movement and was travelling with a petit bourgeois prejudices. But again, maybe I would hear from them by postcard this time. After a couple of months passed, then the card arrived. Instructing me to appear at the headquarters. This time the woman actually smiled. "Well, Comrade, we've decided to take you in," she announced.

I was assigned to District Section 2, Unit 2-B, on the lower East Side of Manhattan. There she explained I would have the opportunity of being properly proletarianized. That unit or People's Comrade Brandt was in charge and would take

How Could It Happen?



What could turn an ordinary American youth with a typical small town background into a Soviet spy? How could he be so naive and gullible? What led him to be caught? What brought to pervert our scientist and scientist and scientist? For 12 long years, Thomas E. Black, a former Red master, until his revolution led him to the FBI. Here are the last of articles of which just the tell of the things which drew him in and the manner reality that held him.

'I WAS A RED SPY!'

Tom Barely Escapes Involvement In the Trotsky Death Plot

On the Red spy strings—and the murderous web tightened around a sick old man—the search for Trotsky in Mexico Was a gullible American chemist slated to die. How he struggled out of the assignment is disclosed here by Thomas J. P. (Tom) Murphy, number 21 of the Soviet spy net. In the fifth of a series of articles

BY THOMAS L. BLACK WITH EUGENE LYONS

I was in the Trotskyist camp as a "sleeper," to be yanked into action by my Soviet masters when they wished. The strings were not pulled for more than two years after I came to friends with Trotsky's most important

exception, a sinking sense of guilt over my double role, the assignment was really to my taste, and the fact come close to the Trotskyist viewpoint. In my thinking, I was now mixing with his disciples and reading their literature. I easily identified myself with their movement. I tried to make amends to lambasting Trotsky for his crimes. In true Trotskyist style I could put my heart into it. The continuing round bath of the big purges, turning the Soviet dream into an obscenely grim mare, made that easy and heart warming.

My PLETTINGS with Paul tape-recorded evidently he was seeing me just often enough to make sure the strings were still firmly attached. Somewhere along the line without a fond farewell, he stopped and I was never to see him again. The agent's who took his place was "George" — whom I know to have been another spy employee named Semionov. Harry Gold also worked under Semionov about the same time. Gold was a good man, a good spy, and a good report writer. He would talk to Paul and then to him about what I was making for the anti-Stalin party. The obvious way to ingratiate myself was by sponging generously to Trotskyist papers and Trotskyist chiefs considered this an legitimate expense, and they gave me small sums to help add more out of my pocket. Very, I took a certain pleasure in using Soviet money to finance Trotskyism.

Enter Dr. Schwartz

IN 1938 I suffered a severe accident in my plant and remained in a hospital for 20 days. I still carry the scar on my arm, the uglier scars are on my conscience. For it was at this hospital when I had been there about 10 weeks that Red Gold got trashed out for me.



One day a mysterious Dr. Schwartz came to my hospital room. From the way he had the bed-chair and examined my burns, it was clear that he was really a physician. Yet, I knew at once that he was a Soviet agent come to look me over.

Illustration by Don Sherwood

One day a mysterious Dr. Arz came to my hospital room. From the way he read the chart and examined my burns, it was clear he was really a physician. No word passed to suggest that it was anything but a medical call. Yet I knew at once he was a Soviet agent come to look me over.

Some time after my return to work, I was called to the prearranged rendezvous I selected, Seminov, but found instead my hospital visitor. The "contact" called himself "Vito" or some such name. More than a decade later, when I was cooperating with the FBI, I identified Robert from photographs. I then learned he was Dr. Gregor Rabinovich, a spy of our live murderers in Europe to his credit. He was in the U.S. ostensibly as a representative of the Soviet Red Cross.

IN HIS RECENT BOOK, "Soviet Espionage," Dr. David Daloff has that this Russian doctor had been sent to the U.S. at the height of the purge with the assignment of investigating Trotskyites and organizing the assassination of Trotsky. Louis Weber, in this testimony, after his break with the party, also cited

Dr. Rabinovich into the Mexican border plains.

To me Robert was just another of the faceless, nameless men whose orders I must obey—or else.

After a few exploratory meetings, he got down to brass tacks. This was to be the payoff on my long cultivation of friendships in the Trotskyist movement.

"Tom," he announced, "the time has come for action. You're to quit your job immediately and proceed to Coyoacan near Mexico City. Your Trotskyist friends should be able to help you enter Trotsky's household. We have people there already who will help if necessary."

A chill went down my spine. So that was what I was being re-served. You go join the Communist vultures hovering around the exiled leader in Coyoacan!

"Why must I go there?" I ventured. "It's not easy on such short notice."

"That is no concern of yours. You'll get contacted and told what you need to know when the time comes. Use your Trotskyist connections to gain admittance. We'll do the rest."

I PROTESTED that I must go to Coyoacan immediately, fairly free, think it over. I'd do the thinking. Robert snarled. This was an order, and the penalty for disobedience would be drastic.

We agreed to meet again in a week. When I would presumably have completed my preparations, I cracked my brains for a plausible alibi for not going. Fortunately I found one ready-made. I was waiting to be called before the Women's Compensation Board in connection with substantial claims on my accident. My sudden resignation from a good job, coupled with failure to show up before the board I argued, would bereckless conduct. I was sure to arouse suspicion, especially among fellow workers who might readily suspect my political views.

Robert was angry, and uncommunicative. I feared that it was

a blow to his plan. But he was forced to admit the logic of my argument. That was the end of this episode, and my last meeting with the killer-doctor.

For nearly two years thereafter the Soviet espionage bravos chose to let me alone. Once more I was convinced they had given me up as useless. I now worked in the Trotskyist ranks with a clearer conscience.

In August 1940, I read the sensational news that Trotsky had been killed in his Coyoacan stronghold by a man who posed as a disciple and friend. I realized with a shudder that, but for the grace of God, I might have been implicated in the killing.

IT WAS NO COINCIDENCE that the strings were pulled again soon after the crime of Coyoacan. With the example of Trotsky's murder vivid in my imagination,

I had no doubts about my own danger. The network was making certain I was still safely on leash.

The "contact" was now a faceless Jack. As we walked in midtown Manhattan, I treasured

the "contact" was now a faceless Jack. As we walked in midtown Manhattan, I treasured the example of Trotsky's murder vivid in my imagination. I had no doubts about my own danger. The network was making certain I was still safely on leash.

The "contact" was now a faceless Jack. As we walked in midtown Manhattan, I treasured the example of Trotsky's murder vivid in my imagination. I had no doubts about my own danger. The network was making certain I was still safely on leash.

Soviet Russia had by then become centrally in the big war, must suppose my contacts were minor figures to be assisted

in holding a petty agent like Tom Black in line. There were more important jobs.

Soviet spies were then employing as field agents under cover of war classes.

Disillusionment, terror of sudden death, and his efforts to

get free of the spy network are

described by Black in the sixth

and final article of this series in Friday's *MIRROR*.

'I WAS A RED SPY!'

The Nightmare Years Finally End,

Tom Reveals Self to the FBI

The nightmare tightens its hold—no more pretense of idealistic service, but only terror of sudden death keeps a deeply entangled American in the service of the Red spy. In the work here, Thomas L. Black, a Soviet puppet for 12 years, tells of his disillusionment with the "workers' paradise" and how he was freed at last—in the final article of a series.

By THOMAS BLACK with EUGENE LYONS

My spy superior of the final period, Jack, was not as demanding as Paul had been. But he did give me more assignments than I had received in the past. They were trivial chores, but presumably essential.

On one occasion, for instance, I delivered a letter to someone in Philadelphia which I served as go-between in paying off an agent in another New Jersey factory.

I also reminded me of the very beginnings of my servitude by suddenly demanding that I supply him with technical information in my field—on any subject, though useful nor Soviet advise. I decided to concoct a code which would not contain a single line of secret data and all come satisfaction. In so doing, my tormentors.

THE METHOD WAS to search every thing in technical publications and the像 of the S.A. and FBI now possess carbon copies such document. It is a cooperative trading and exchange of complaints, but any chemist could have dug up documents in the library, so the outline of supply spaced operations came to an end early in 1945. Then, for about three months, I was a free man again.

It was a time of freedom about town with bouts of panic, fear or worry. I tell I had bound to many Americans and too much of their blood to be let off the hook. In addition to the Trotsky murmur he had been the mastermind of the bombing of Washington room of Waller Krivit, a high Soviet intelligence agent who had defected. In January 1943, Carlo Tresca, a prominent Italian syndicalist and avowed enemy of communism, was found hanging on a telephone wire. I was aware of this—Will Stuart Poynitz in the U.S. for instance—and Ignatz Goldstein, Switzerland, who had been implicated.

IN THE FEBRUARY IN my heart was cold and deep, I want to emphasize this, though it reflects my own mind. The urge to go to the authorities and tell all about the far from my mind out of head of sudden death took over good intentions.

A conversation with Jack in one of our last meetings, soon after the Tresca murder, remained fresh on my nerves. I remarked that Tresca's friends were among the Communists

Far from denying the allegation past, and live at long last, my contact grabbed credit for normal life.

Tresca was an enemy of the working class, he said in substance. He was a serious obstacle to the Italian Communist movement. This was not a murder—it was an execution. Tresca received a fair trial in Moscow.

Did he make his up to Ingolds? Did he make his up to Ingolds to succeed in it and might be fair trial in Moscow? Or was there an element of truth in what he said? His purpose was to intimidate me, he succeeded in full measure.

SOMETIMES AT THE END of 1945 or the beginning of 1946, the phone call interrupted. I came through. Jack was still on the job, though I never saw him again. Some time later I read of Gold's arrest. Since I had re-crucified him, I realized my secret would soon be known to the authorities.

Within days after Gold's arrest, Soviet espionage contacted me again—for the last time. The code word set four years before was "Watkins." When Miss Watkins phoned, I recalled the arrangement. A rendezvous under the marquee of the Translux Theatre on Broadway, between 45th and 47th Sts., 1 p.m. next Tuesday.

I had no intention of keeping.

But the decision was taken out of my hands in any case.

Several FBI agents called on me

that evening. They merely questioned me

about Gold's activities, of which

of course I knew little or nothing.

It did not take long to realize

the FBI's understanding did not

press me. But I knew that I must

find the courage to come clean

without reservation. So I did.

IN THE MEANTIME, too, the

dramatic revelations about Soviet

espionage by Whittaker Cham-

ber, Elizabeth Bentley and

others had been making head-

lines. Naturally, I read every

word of the news. I was afraid that

someday my name would crop

up. I wanted only to forget my

Soon after the arrest of Dr. Fuchs, I received an excited phone call from Harry Gold. He insisted in a frantic voice, that we meet that very evening. Gold was in a distraught condition.

You've read about the arrest of Fuchs, he said, and that the FBI is searching for all American contacts. He paused for a long moment, then blurted out, "I am that contact. I have only two courses left."

TRYED TO DISSUADE him on both alternatives. Whether my arguments had any effect, I could not know. I never saw him again. Some time later I read of Gold's arrest. Since I had re-crucified him, I realized my secret would soon be known to the authorities.

Within days after Gold's arrest, Soviet espionage contacted me again—for the last time. The code word set four years before was "Watkins." When Miss Watkins phoned, I recalled the arrangement. A rendezvous under the marquee of the Translux Theatre on Broadway, between 45th and 47th Sts., 1 p.m. next Tuesday.

I had no intention of keeping.

But the decision was taken out of my hands in any case.

Several FBI agents called on me

that evening. They merely questioned me

about Gold's activities, of which

of course I knew little or nothing.

It did not take long to realize

the FBI's understanding did not

press me. But I knew that I must

find the courage to come clean

without reservation. So I did.

IN THE MEANTIME, too, the

dramatic revelations about Soviet

espionage by Whittaker Cham-

ber, Elizabeth Bentley and

others had been making head-

lines. Naturally, I read every

word of the news. I was afraid that

someday my name would crop

up. I wanted only to forget my

me from the Red spy network
and still give me reasonable
assurance of dying a natural death.
To any ex-Communists who may
read these words, my advice is:
"Don't stalk, run, to the nearest
office of the FBI. You will be
treated with understanding and
consideration, as just. [Es] I was
treated. More important, you will
be doing your part to help keep
America free."

"My long ordeal was over. It
was a relief to talk openly,
fully. I have cooperated with
the FBI ever since. Later, I re-
peated my story to a Federal
grand jury, and again this
year, to the Senate Internal
Security Committee. Said Sen.

Jenner at the conclusion of the
hearing:

"I want to commend you and
to thank you for your coopera-
tion."

"Let no American suppose the
disclosures about Soviet espionage
have ended its impasse. I am
convinced it is today more wide-
spread and deeply entrenched
than ever before. It must be
rooted out."

THE END